Business case for integrating EHDI and other health information systems **Karen Torghele Alan Hinman EHDI Conference** February 25, 2008



Purpose of this presentation



- Define the business case for integrating child health information systems
- Explain basics of how a Business Case Model (BCM) works
- Describe how a BCM can help make the case for integration

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Business case

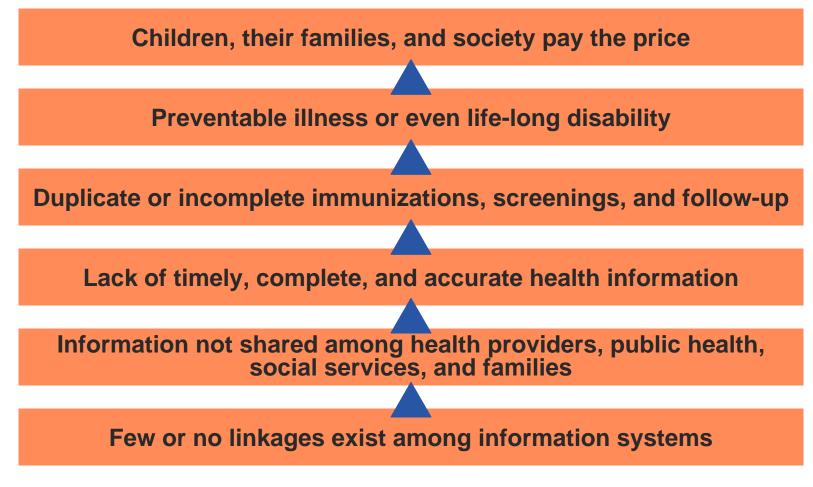
"Using credible estimates based on factual inputs and expert opinion allows health officials to articulate the costs and benefits of information systems integration in terms of dollars, time, and other resources. Presenting a sound business case helps ensure stakeholder support and long-term sustainability of the program – especially when the benefits of integrating systems may not accrue for many years. "

Business Case Model User Guide

Why do we need a business case for ICHIS?

- Limited public health resources
- Increasing focus on documenting outcomes
- Need data for sustainable funding

Current Problems in PH Information Systems



Business case for ICHIS must

- Be specific to added effects of integrating CHIS
- Reflect difference in type and degree of costs and benefits to stakeholders
- Reflect the fact that the benefits may not accrue until some time in the future
- Be flexible to allow for data updates and modifications

What is a Model?

"Essentially, all models are wrong, but some are useful."

> George E. P. Box Professor of Statistics University of Wisconsin

Characteristics of the BCM

- Based on hard data, but also uses some assumptions and "guesstimates"
- Requires training to use <u>and</u> interpret correctly
- Will become more accurate over time
- A representation of the integration of CHIS not exact data (projection, not definite)

Why use a business case model for ICHIS?

- Provides cost/benefit analysis
- Compares different integration scenarios
- Makes strong financial case
- Uses information from health economics, medicine, and public health
- Customizable to each state



What is the business case model for ICHIS?

- Tool to quantify <u>benefits</u> and <u>costs</u> of ICHIS
- Contains pre-loaded state-specific data
- Documents projected ROI of ICHIS
- Shows results by stakeholder group:
 Family, Employer, Insurer

≻Government

>Society (= total effects on all stakeholders)

Integration benefits reflected in Model

- Improved effectiveness and efficiency of services
- Increase in quality and coordination of care
- Support for child care decisions
- Improvement in data quality
- Providers have complete picture of child
- Better health outcomes

Questions addressed in Model - 1

- How can we quantify both the costs and the benefits on a yearly basis in order to decide whether it makes sense from a cost-benefit perspective to invest in the integration of child health information systems?
- Which systems should be integrated first in order to get the greatest impact at the least cost?

Questions addressed in Model - 2

- What needs to happen on the programmatic side to ensure that the potential benefits of integration are realized?
- What are the differences in benefits of a decentralized system vs. a centralized system?
- How can we make a convincing business case that clearly describes the cost/benefit analysis that supports a decision to integrate?

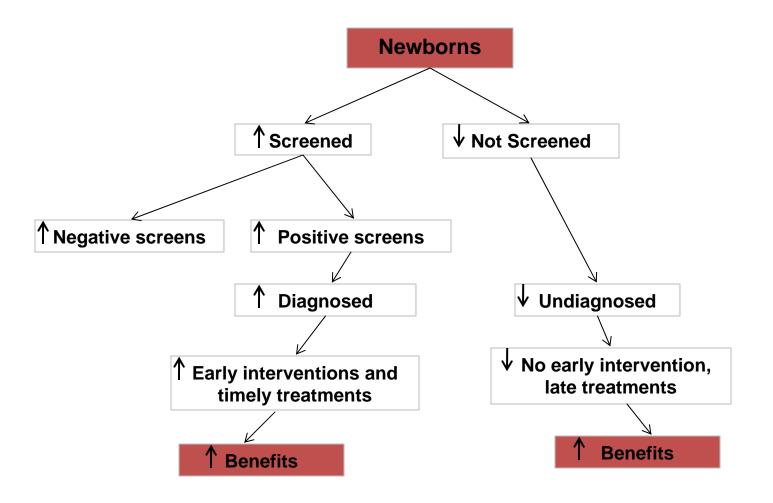
BCM terminology

Benefit assumptions: estimates of improvements based on expert opinion

- Benefit assumptions in BCM
 - Better tracking of children
 - Changes in referral patterns
 - Improved efficiency and timeliness of services
 - Improved decision-making

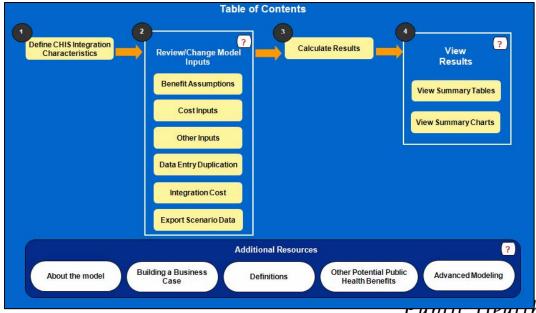
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Assumption illustration



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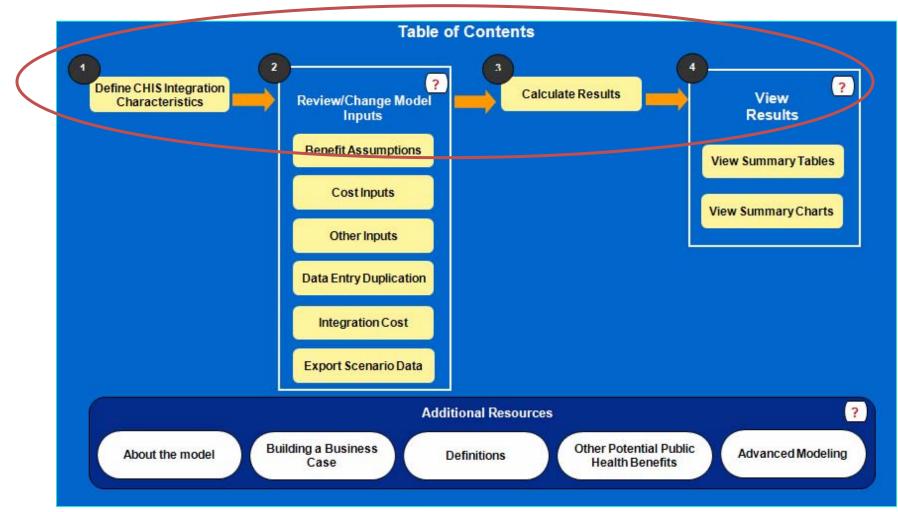
Working with the Business Case Model





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User Interface

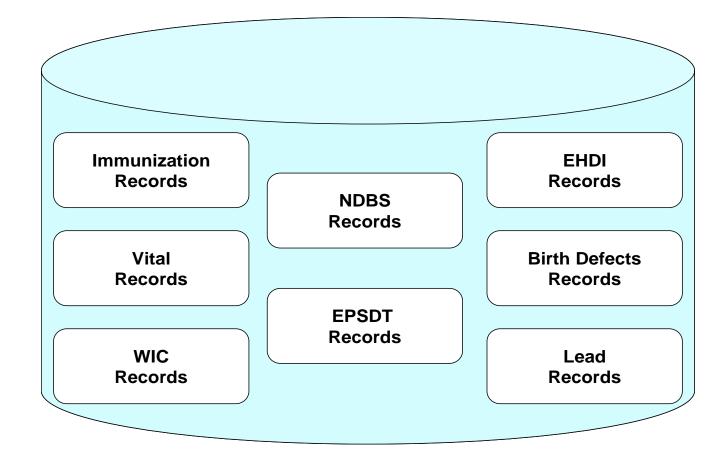


Four steps to create a scenario

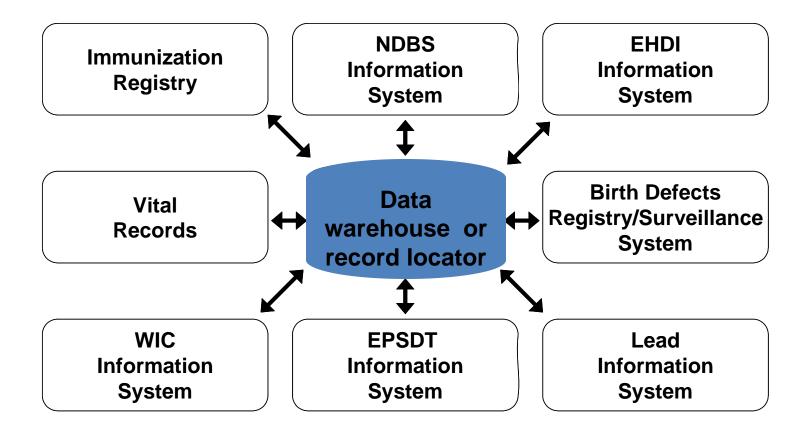
- 1. Define systems you are integrating
- 2. Review and change inputs
- **3. Calculate results**
- 4. View results: tables and charts from calculations

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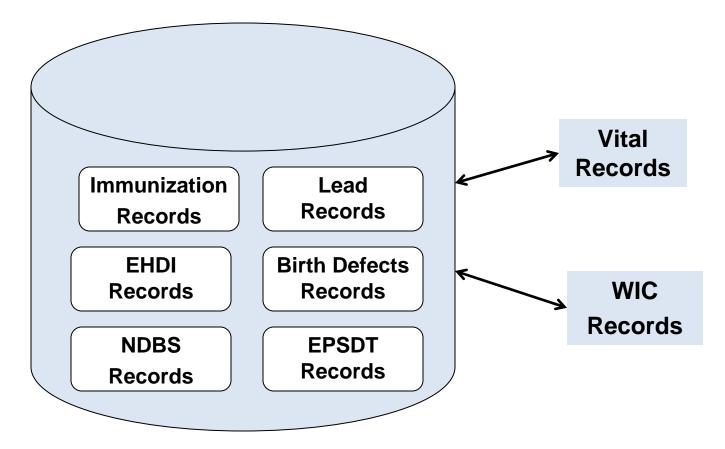
Centralized system



Decentralized system



Hybrid system



What is already in the model

- Census Bureau data on population
- Average health care costs
- Lifetime medical costs per case
- Lifetime special ed costs related to diseases
- Lifetime lost earnings associated with disabilities
- Value/hour time saved from integration
- Disease morbidity and mortality rates
- Impact of CHIS integration on screening, follow-up, participation rates
- Cost of living data



Some information to gather before starting

- Systems currently integrated in your state
- System(s) that will be integrated in the future
- Type health information system your state has now (centralized, decentralized, or hybrid)
- State-specific start-up and maintenance costs
- What your state currently screens for in NDBS

Change if you have better data

- Benefit assumptions
- Cost inputs
- Data entry duplication information
- Integration cost assumptions

Report_CHIS				
	Summa	ry of Integra	tion Scenario	
Scenario date:	1/31/2008 4:39:48 PM	-		
State	Pennsylvania			
Year:	2007	1		Scenario Name:
State Integration		Integration Status		PA
	Vital Records	Already integrated		1
	Immunizations	Newly integrated		
	NDBS	Already integrated		
	EHDI	Newly integrated		
	Lead	Newly integrated		
	EPSDT	Newly integrated		
	WIC	Newly integrated		
	Birth Defects	Not integrated		
	Chronic Diseases	Not integrated		
	Early Intervention	Not integrated		
	CSHCN	Not integrated		
Integration Cost A	ssumptions:			Default
Benefit Assumptio	ns:			Default
	Print	Back	Return to Table of Co	ntents

Results

Results Type:

Integration Scenario Results

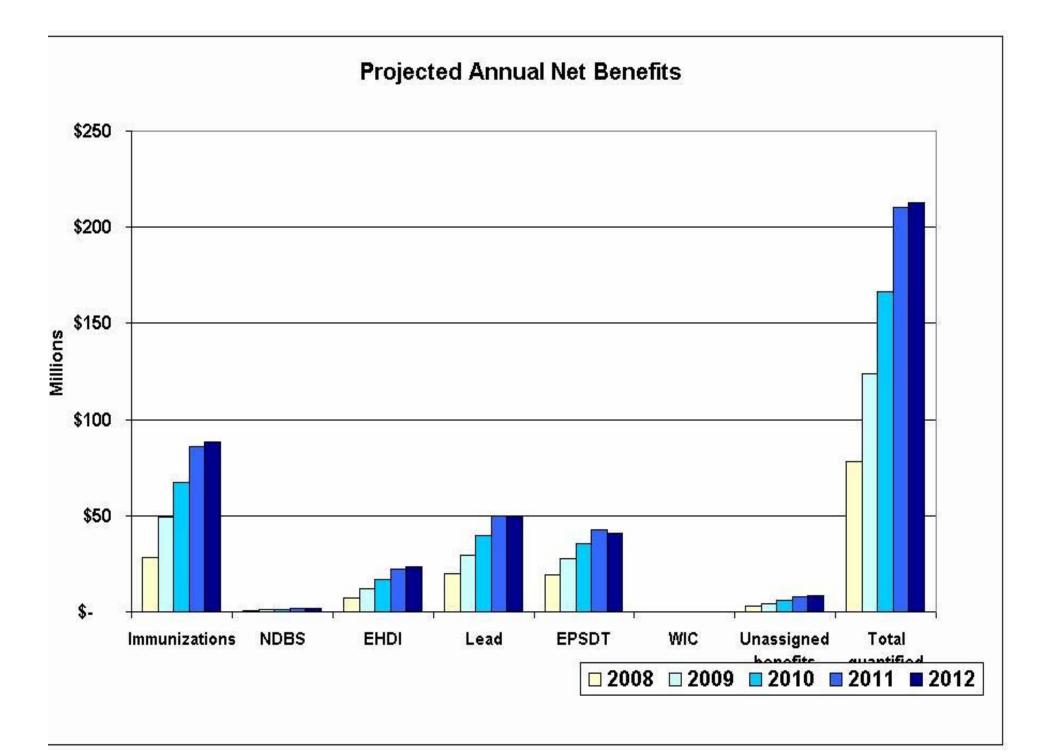
Summary Table 2008 - 2012 -

Int

Summary o	f Benefits and	Costs of	Integration:	2008 - 2012
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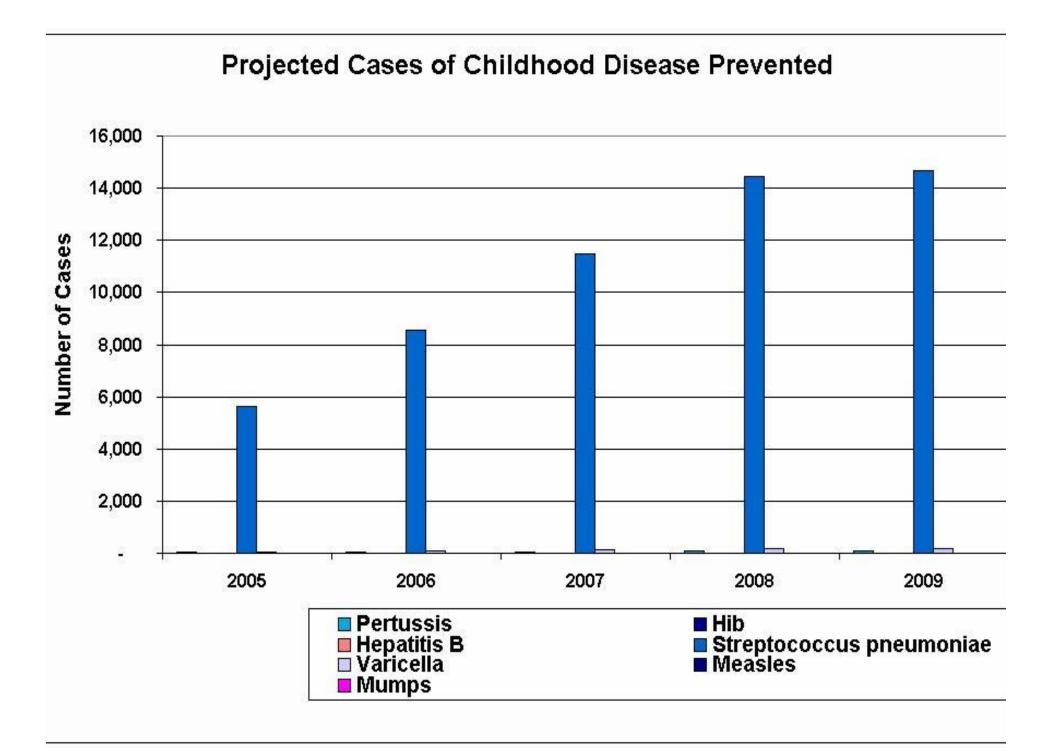
Net Benefit <Costs> From Perspective Of :

	Benefits Category	Family/Employer/ Private Insurer	Government	Medical Providers	Society
Create Word Report	Immunizations	\$260,007,077	\$36,560,408	\$0	\$296,567,484
	Newborn Dried Blood Spot Screening (NDBS)	\$3,671,688	\$1,924,820	\$0	\$5,596,508
Integration Costs	Early Hearing Detection 🔍 and Intervention (EHDI)	\$71,247,609	\$4,331,761	\$0	\$75,579,370
Integration costs	Lead Screening 🔍	\$116,793,764	\$58,392,175	\$0	\$175,185,939
egration Scenario Summary	Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic, And Treatment (EPSDT)	\$183,016,882	-\$27,742,943	\$0	\$155,273,940
	Women, Infants, Child (WIC)	\$6,232,751	-\$5,577,473	\$0	\$655,278
	Benefits Unassigned to Child Health Programs	\$0	\$0	\$27,326,082	\$27,326,082
	Total Quantified Benefits of Integration	\$640,969,771	\$67,888,748	\$27,326,082	\$736,184,600
	Annualized Start-Up and Maintenance Costs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	Total Quantified Net Benefits	\$640,969,771	\$67,888,748	\$27,326,082	\$736,184,600

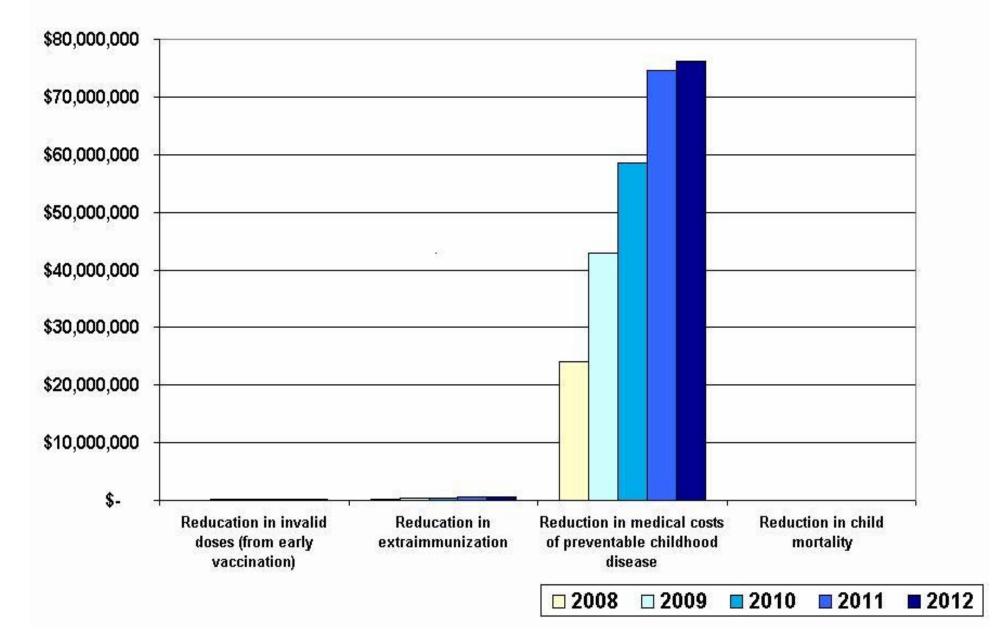


Integration Benefits to Immunization Program: 2008

	Number of (Cases	- Net Benefit <0	Costs> From P1	respective Of :	-
Reduction in level of underimmunization	Reduction in total days of under-vaccination	Reduction in Number of underimunized children	Family/Employer/ Private Insurer	Government	Medical Providers	Society
DTP	72,760	6,960,000				
Polio	50,160	4,320,000				
Hib	60,600	4,920,000				
НерВ	56,480	5,440,000				
PCV	128,520	11,040,000				
VAR	43,880	6,080,000				
MMR	39,480	5,000,000				
Reduction in invalid doses (from early vaccination)	4000.0	\$96,000	\$52,000	\$0	\$148,000
Reduction in extraimmuniza	ition	12000.0	\$224,000	\$120,000	\$0	\$344,000
Change in number of disea	se cases	-25,791.1	\$24,140,000	\$3,516,000	\$0	\$27,656,000
Diphtheria		0.0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Tetanus		0.0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Pertussis		-158.9	\$496,000	\$252,000	\$0	\$748,000
Polio		0.0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Haemophilus inl	luenzae	-11.3	\$12,000,000	\$8,000	\$0	\$12,008,000
Hepatitis B		-0.4	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Streptococcus	oneumoniae	-25,312.9	\$11,436,000	\$3,252,000	\$0	\$14,688,000
Varicella		-306.0	\$208,000	\$4,000	\$0	\$212,000
Measles		-0.5	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Mumps		-1.0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Rebella		0.0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Reduction in child mortality		-6.08	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Improved efficiency (hours			\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total net benefit			\$24,460,000	\$3,688,000	\$0	\$28,148,000



Benefits to Families/Employers/Private Insurers of Improved Immunization Timeliness

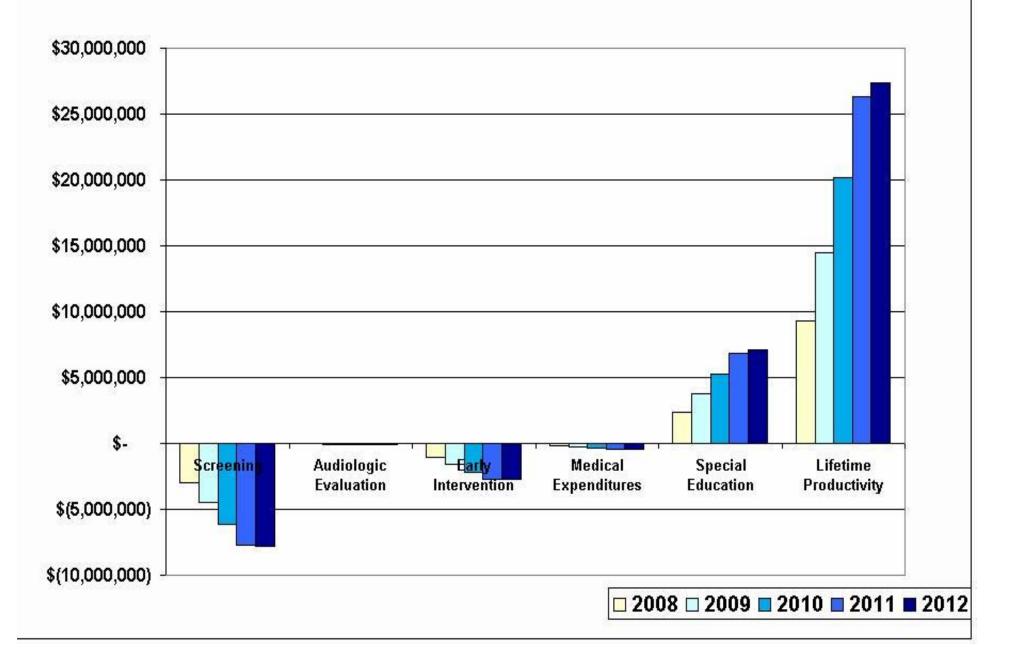


Report_EHDI Integration Effect

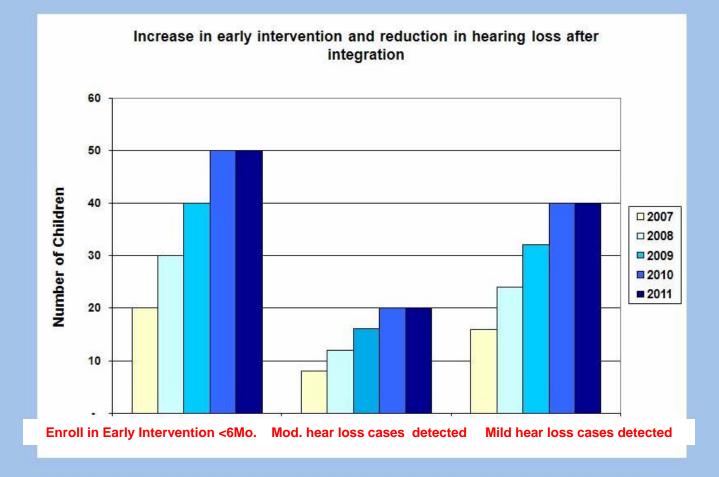
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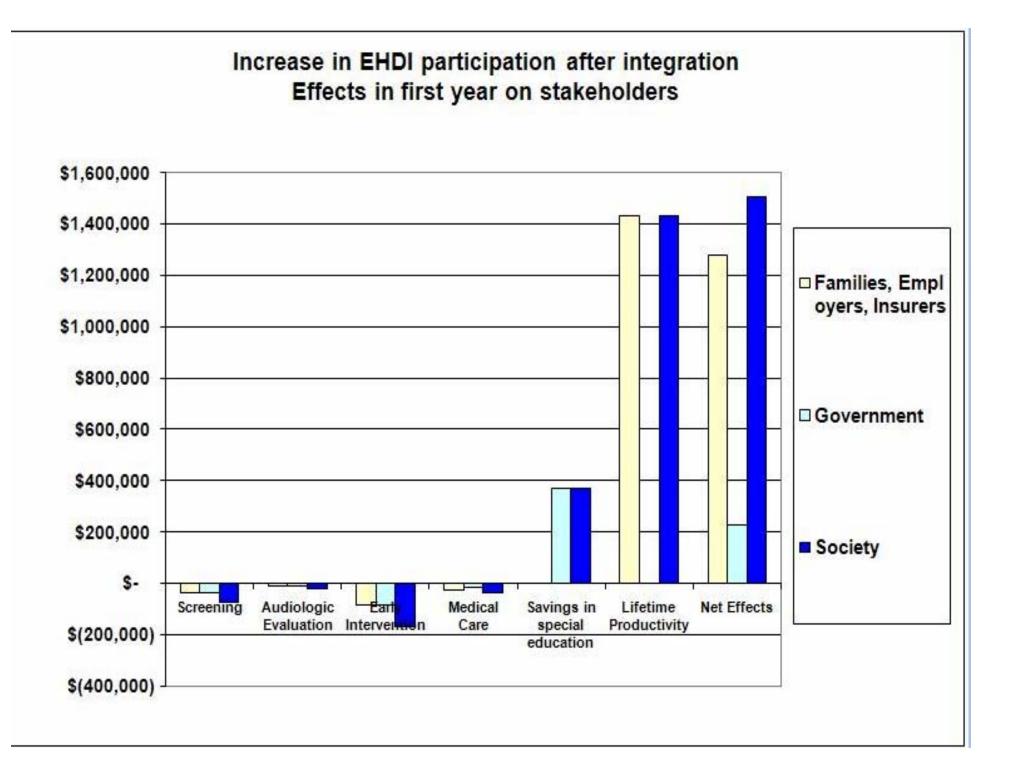
iew results for 2007		- Net Benefit <c< th=""><th>osts> From Pro</th><th>espective Of :</th></c<>	osts> From Pro	espective Of :
Increase in screening and follow-up after integration	Number of Children	Family/Employer/ Private Insurer	Government	Society
Initial screenings	2,300	-\$36,800	-\$36,800	-\$73,600
Receive recommended follow up audiological exam	124	-\$9,200	-\$9,200	-\$18,400
Enroll in early intervention program by six months of age	20			
Additional hearing loss cases detected before 6 months after ntegration	i			
Moderate to profound bilateral hearing loss (# infants)	8			
Mild and/or unilateral hearing loss (# infants)	16			
Costs and savings of early hearing loss detection				
Additional cost for hearing interventions prior to age 5		-\$84,800	-\$84,400	-\$169,200
Reduction in medical costs		-\$23,200	-\$15,200	-\$38,400
Reduction in special education costs		\$0	\$371,200	\$371,200
		\$1,430,800	\$0	\$1,430,800
Increase in lifetime productivity				

Benefits of Improved Early Hearing Detection and Intervention

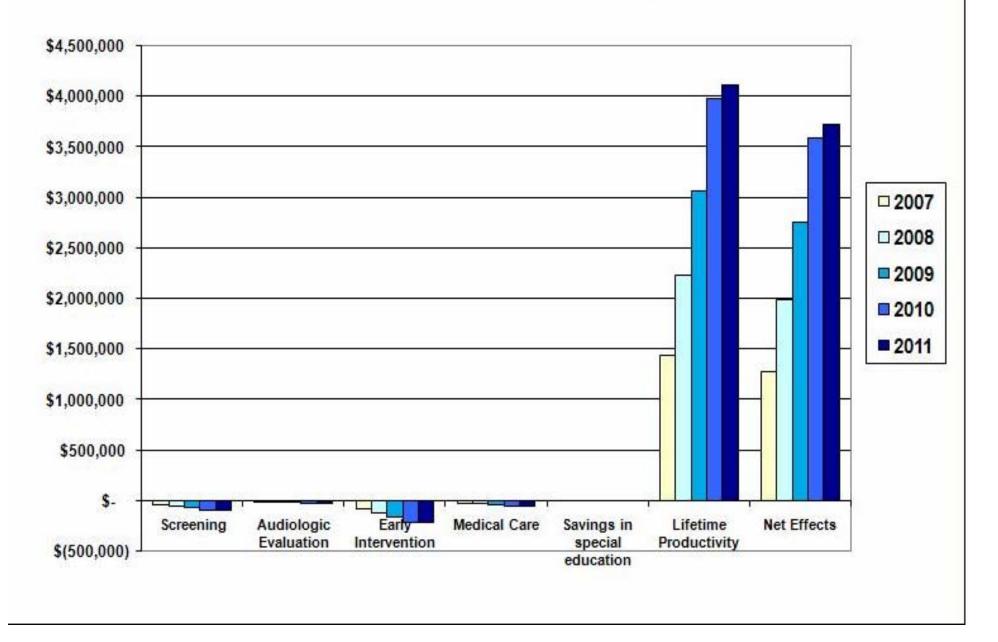


BCM Version 2 JM.XLS [Compatibility Mode] - Microsoft Excel





Increase in EHDI participation after integration Effects on Families, Employers, and Insurers



What the Business Case Model does

- Performs cost/benefit analysis of integration
- Compares alternative integration scenarios
- Makes a financial case for integration
- Produces summary tables and charts showing effects of integration
- Customizes integration scenarios by state



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What the Business Case Model does NOT do

- Produce exact cost/benefit figures for integration – it provides educated estimates
- Produce calculations on stand-alone information systems
- Include preloaded (default) data about costs of integration and maintenance

Possible uses of the Model

- Provide a detailed picture of the specific costs and benefits related to integration of HIS
- Present the systems integration proposal to funders, decision-makers, and other stakeholders to stimulate discussion and generate buy-in based on facts and figures
- Make adjustments to a project's scope or identify an unfeasible proposal before committing resources to it
- Produce a wide variety of scenarios and compare results, making better, more fiscally sound decisions about investing in CHIS integration

Acknowledgements

- Tim Dall and colleagues at the Lewin Group
- Workgroup and technical advisors, PHII staff
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Learn More





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Training and Support for Business Case Model

	Leader/ Advocate	Casual user	Advanced user
 Web site with printable materials 	Х	X	X
 Presentation: Value of a Business Case Model 	X	X	X
 Presentation: Creating a Basic Business Case Scenario 		X	X
 User guide Technical Report 			X
• User group	ublic Health	NFORMATICS .	Institute

Additional BCM training sessions

- AMCHP March 2, 2008
- Webinar May 13, 2008
- For more information:
 - Visit:

http://phii.org/BusinessCase.html

- Email: Businesscasemodel@phii.org
- Call: Jim Mootrey, (404) 592-1416
 Karen Torghele, (404) 687-5622
 Alan Hinman, (404) 687-5636

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